CITY OF FORT BRAGG COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT HOMEOWNERSHIP ASSISTANCE PROGRAM GUIDELINES

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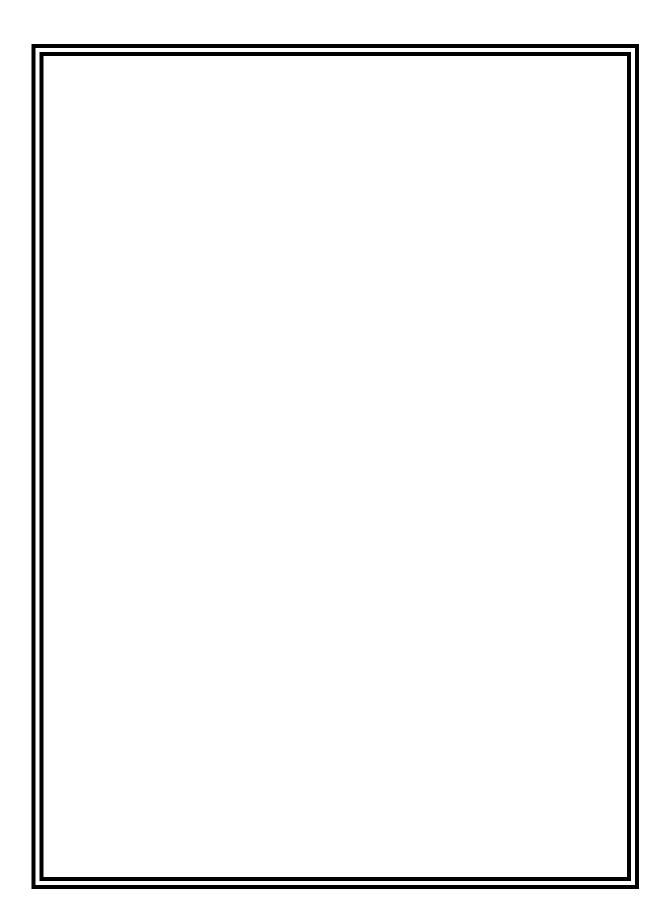


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City of Fort Bragg Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Program

HOMEBUYER ASSISTANCE PROGRAM GUIDELINES

1.0. GENERAL

The City of Fort Bragg, hereinafter referred to as the "City", anticipates that it will enter into a contractual relationship with the California Department of Housing and Community Development ("HCD") to administer a Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)-funded homeownership assistance program. The homeownership assistance program described herein (the "Program") is designed to provide assistance to eligible homebuyers in purchasing homes, also referred to herein as "housing units", located within the Program's eligible area. The Program is limited to properties located within the city limits of Fort Bragg. The Program provides this assistance in the form of deferred payment "silent" second priority loans as "Gap" financing toward the purchase price and closing costs of affordable housing units that will be occupied by the homebuyers. The Program will be administered and operated by the City of Fort Bragg and/or other Program Operator or contractors as designated by the City.

1.1. PROGRAM OUTREACH AND MARKETING

All outreach efforts will be done in accordance with state and federal fair lending regulations to assure nondiscriminatory treatment, outreach and access to the Program. No person shall, on the grounds of age, ancestry, color, creed, physical or mental disability or handicap, marital or familial status, medical condition, national origin, race, religion, gender or sexual orientation be excluded, denied benefits or subjected to discrimination under the Program. The City will ensure that all persons, including those qualified individuals with handicaps, have access to the Program.

A. The Fair Housing Lender logo will be placed on all outreach materials. Fair housing marketing actions will be based upon a characteristic analysis comparison (census data may be used) of the Program's eligible area compared to the ethnicity of the population served by the Program (includes, separately, all applications given out and those receiving assistance) and an explanation of any underserved segments of the population. This information is used to show that protected classes (age, gender, ethnicity, race, and disability) are not being excluded from the Program. Flyers or other outreach materials, in English and any other language that is the primary language of a significant portion of the area residents, will be widely distributed in the Programeligible area and will be provided to any local social service agencies. The Program may sponsor homebuyer classes to help

- educate homebuyers about the home buying process and future responsibilities. Persons who have participated in local homebuyer seminars will be notified about the Program.
- B. The Program Operator will work closely with local real estate agents and primary lenders to explain the Program requirements for eligible housing units and homebuyers and to review Program processes. Local real estate agents and primary lenders will also be encouraged to have their customers participate in the Program.
- C. Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 prohibits the exclusion of an otherwise qualified individual, solely by reason of disability, from participation under any program receiving Federal funds. The City will take appropriate steps to ensure effective communication with disabled housing applicants, residents and members of the public.

1.2. APPLICATION PROCESS AND SELECTION

- A. The City will maintain a waiting list of applicants. Each applicant must complete an application form, which asks for sufficient information concerning income, employment, and credit history to establish preliminary eligibility for Program participation. Complete applications will be date and time stamped, and assistance will be provided to eligible applicants on a first-come, first-served basis. Applications are deemed complete only if all of the following occur: all application information is completed; the application is signed and dated; and a primary lender's prequalification letter is attached to the application. Incomplete applications will be returned to the applicant and will not be date/time stamped until complete.
- B. Once the applicant's name comes to the top of the waiting list, Program eligibility will be confirmed and the applicant will be invited to a briefing regarding participation in the Program. At the briefing, the application will be reviewed and the potential homebuyer will be given a "Preliminary Eligibility Letter" for the Program along with the following forms: Program Brochure; Implementation Steps for the Home Buyer (Attachment G); List of Participating Lenders; Sellers Lead-Based Paint (LBP) Disclosure (Attachment Contingency D); LBP Contract Language (Attachment E); EPA Booklet Protect Your Family from Lead in Your Home: and Notice to Seller (Attachment F).
- C. The potential homebuyer is given 90 days to find a qualified home and begin securing a primary loan for the housing unit. If during the 90-day time frame, the potential homebuyer is unable to purchase a home, an extension may be given. However, if it

appears the potential homebuyer cannot participate in the Program, the reservation of funds expires, and the next person on the waiting list will be given an opportunity to participate in the Program.

1.3. THE HOME PURCHASE PROCESS

A. The following is a simplified example of how a primary lender would analyze a homebuyer's finances to determine how much the homebuyer could afford to borrow from the primary lender towards homeownership.

DEBT SERVICE FOR A FAMILY OF FOUR EARNING \$2,500 PER MONTH

HOUSING PAYMENTS		TOTAL OVERALL PAYMENTS		
Principal & Interest Payment	\$ 580	\$ 750	Housing	
Insurance	50	+250	Other Debt Service	
Taxes	120	\$1,000	Total Debt Service	
Total Housing Expense	\$750			

(Overall debt service per month is 40% of \$2,500) (PITI is 30% of \$2,500)

OTHER HOUSEHOLD DEBT SERVICE

Car Payment \$150
Credit Card Payment 100
Total Other Debt \$250

A \$580 per month loan payment equates to borrowing \$96,750 at 6% for a 30-year term.

- B. The housing unit selection process will be conducted by the homebuyers. Prior to making an offer to purchase an eligible housing unit (see Section 3.0), homebuyer shall provide seller with a disclosure containing the following provisions:
 - Homebuyer has no power of eminent domain and, therefore, will not acquire the property if negotiations fail to result in an amicable agreement;
 - Homebuyer's offer is an estimate of the fair market value of the housing unit, to be finally determined by a state licensed appraiser;
 - 3) The housing unit will be subject to inspection. The housing unit must comply with local codes at the time of construction. All housing units built prior to January 1, 1978 will require a lead paint disclosure to be signed by both the homebuyer and seller (Attachment D);
 - 4) Since the purchase will be voluntary, the seller will not be eligible for relocation payments or other relocation assistance;
 - 5) The seller understands that the housing unit must be either: currently owner-occupied; newly constructed; a rental unit purchased by the buyer-occupant; or a rental unit that has been vacant for four months prior to submission of the purchase offer.
 - 6) If the seller is not provided with a statement of the above six provisions prior to the purchase offer, the seller may withdraw from the agreement after this information is provided.
- C. Applicant submits executed standard form purchase and sale agreement and primary lender prequalification letter to Program Operator. The purchase and sale agreement will be contingent on the household and housing unit meeting Program eligibility requirements and receiving Program loan approval. Program Operator will verify applicant eligibility, housing unit and loan eligibility and amount of assistance to be provided consistent with these guidelines.
- D. Any work to be completed after purchase may be undertaken through application to the City's Housing Rehabilitation Program, if funding is available.
- E. Program Operator will submit funding recommendation(s) to the City of Fort Bragg Homeownership Assistance Program Loan Committee, which will make a recommendation of approval or denial, including the reasons for the recommendation, for the City Manager's consideration. The City Manager will determine Applicant's final approval or denial and will convey the decision and reasoning to the Program Operator. Program Operator will provide written notification

- to Applicant of approval or denial with reason and, if denied, a copy of the Program's appeal procedures.
- F. When Primary Lender requirements are met, Program funds will be deposited into escrow with required closing instructions and loan documents.
- G. At the time of escrow closing, the City shall be named as an additional loss payee on fire, flood (if required), and extended coverage insurance for the length of the loan and in an amount sufficient to cover all encumbrances or full replacement cost of the housing unit.

1.4. HOMEBUYER COSTS

- A. Eligible households must document that they have the funds necessary for down payment and closing costs as required by the Primary Lender and the City. The Program's down payment requirement (below) is in place even if the Primary Lender has a lower down payment requirement.
- B. Homebuyer funds shall be used in the following order:
 - 1) Down payment Minimum Requirement: Three percent of purchase price or 50% of the down payment required by the primary lender (per item (C) below), whichever is greater.
 - 2) To the extent possible after satisfying (1), above, appraisal fee; cost of credit report; the loan origination fee; discount points; customary homebuyer closing costs; homebuyer's customary portion of the escrow fees; title insurance; and, the establishment of impound accounts for property taxes and insurance.
 - 3) After (1) and (2) above are satisfied, any balance of homebuyer funds may be applied either to the purchase price or to reduce the interest rate of the primary loan as necessary.
- C. If the items in B(2) above cannot be satisfied with homebuyer funds, the City may provide Program loan assistance to cover the remaining balance.
- D. The City may not provide more than 50 percent of the down payment required by the primary lender. The City may also provide sufficient assistance, as Program loan principal, to reduce the monthly payments for principal, interest, taxes and insurance (PITI) to an affordable level of household income. If applicable, the subsidy will allow the reduction of the cost of the primary

lender's loan so that the payments of PITI are within approximately 30 to 35 percent of the gross household income. The Program Operator will determine the level of subsidy and affordability during underwriting of the Program's loan to make sure that it conforms to the requirements of the HCD funding Program.

1.5. HOMEBUYER EDUCATION

Buying a home can be one of the most confusing and complicated transactions anyone can make. Providing the future homebuyer with informative homebuyer education training helps to ensure the Program's success for the City, Program Operator, and most importantly, for the home buyer. It has been documented that first-time homebuyers that have had homebuyer education have better ability to handle problems that occur with homeownership. All Program participants will be required to attend a City-approved homebuyer education class, subject to availability. The homebuyer education class may cover topics such as the following: preparing for homeownership; available financing; credit loan homeownership responsibilities; analysis: closing: maintenance; and loan servicing.

1.6. CONFLICT OF INTEREST REQUIREMENTS

The Program's funding includes of Federal funding, and as such, in accordance with Title 24, Section 570.611 of the Code of Federal Regulations, no member of the governing body and no official, employee or agent of the local government, nor any other person who exercises policy or decision-making responsibilities (including members of the loan committee and officers, employees, and agents of the loan committee, the administrative agent, Program Operator, other contractors and similar agencies) in connection with the planning and implementation of the Program shall directly or indirectly be eligible for this Program. Exceptions to this policy can be made only after public disclosure and formal approval by the Fort Bragg City Council.

1.7. NON-DISCRIMINATION REQUIREMENTS

The Program will be implemented in ways consistent with the City's commitment to non-discrimination. No person shall be excluded from participation in, denied the benefit of, or be subject to discrimination under any program or activity funded in whole or in part with State funds on the basis of his or her religion or religious affiliation, age, race, color, creed, gender, sexual orientation, marital status, familial status (children), physical or mental disability, national origin, or ancestry, or other arbitrary cause.

2.0 APPLICANT QUALIFICATIONS

2.1. CURRENT INCOME LIMITS FOR THE AREA, BY HOUSEHOLD SIZE

All applicants must certify that they meet the household income eligibility requirements for the CDBG program and must have their household income documented. The income limits in place at the time of loan approval will apply when determining applicant income eligibility. All applicants must have incomes at or below 80% of the County's area median income (AMI), adjusted for household size, as published by HCD each year.

State CDBG Table of 2009 Income Limits for Mendocino County

	Number of Persons in Household							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
80% of AMI	\$31,250	\$35,700	\$40,700	\$44,650	\$48,200	\$51,800	\$55,350	\$58,950

Household: means one or more persons who will occupy a housing unit.

Annual Income: Generally, the gross amount of income of all adult household members that is anticipated to be received during the coming 12-month period.

2.2. INCOME QUALIFICATION CRITERIA

Projected annual gross income of the applicant household will be used to determine whether the household is above or below the published HCD income limits. Income qualification criteria, as shown in the most recent CDBG program guidance, will be followed to independently determine and certify the household's annual gross income. The Program Operator will compare this annual gross income to the income the Primary Lender used when qualifying the household. The Primary Lender is usually underwriting to FHA or conventional guidelines and may not calculate the household income or assets in the same way as required by the Program. Income will be verified by reviewing and documenting tax returns, copies of wage receipts, subsidy checks, bank statements and third party verification of employment forms sent to employers. All documentation shall be dated within six months prior to loan closing. All documentation will be kept in the applicant file and held in strict confidence.

A. HOUSEHOLD INCOME DEFINITION:

Household income is the annual gross income of all adult household members that is projected to be received during the coming 12-month period, and it is the income that will be used to determine program eligibility. For those types of income counted, gross amounts (before any deductions have been taken) are used. Examples of the types of income that are not considered includes income of minors or live-in aides. Certain other household members living apart from the household also require special consideration. The household's projected ability to pay must be used, rather than past earnings, when calculating income (see Attachment A: 24 CFR Part 5 Annual Income Inclusions and Exclusions).

NOTE: Non-occupant <u>co-signers</u> will not be required to submit income and asset documentation. Co-signer's income will not be included in the household income determination. Co-signers are acceptable as long as their names do not appear on the Grant Deed or Deed of Trust.

B. ASSETS:

There is no asset limitation for participation in the Program. However, *income* from assets is recognized as part of annual income under the Part 5 definition. An asset is a cash or non-cash item that can be converted to cash. The value of necessary items such as furniture and automobiles are not included.

An asset's cash value is the market value less reasonable expenses required to convert the asset to cash, including penalties or fees for converting financial holdings and costs for selling real property. The cash value (rather than the market value) of an item is counted as an asset (see Attachment B: Part 5 Assets Inclusions and Exclusions).

2.3. DEFINITIONS OF AN ELIGIBLE HOMEBUYER

- A. An eligible homebuyer means an individual or individuals or an individual and his or her spouse who meets the income eligibility requirements. Generally, only "first-time homebuyers" as described in item (B) below who are not currently on title to real property are eligible for the Program. Other eligible homebuyers may be considered for the program on a case-by-case basis. Persons may be on title of a manufactured home unit if they are planning to sell the unit as part of buying a home located on real property. Documentation of homebuyer status will be required for all homebuyers.
- B. "First-time homebuyer" means an individual or individuals or an individual and his or her spouse who have not owned a home during the three-year period before the purchase of a home with subsidy assistance, except that the following individual or

individuals may not be excluded from consideration as a first-time homebuyer under this definition:

- a displaced homemaker who, while a homemaker, owned a home with his or her spouse or resided in a home owned by the spouse. A displaced homemaker is an adult who has not, within the preceding two years, worked on a full-time basis as a member of the labor force for a consecutive twelve-month period and who has been unemployed or underemployed, experienced difficulty in obtaining or upgrading employment and worked primarily without remuneration to care for his or her home and family:
- a single parent who, while married, owned a home with his or her spouse or resided in a home owned by the spouse. A single parent is an individual who is unmarried or legally separated from a spouse and has one or more minor children for whom the individual has custody or joint custody or is pregnant; and
- 3) an individual or individuals who owns or owned, as a principal residence during the three-year period before the purchase of a home with assistance, a dwelling unit whose structure is:
 - a) not permanently affixed to a permanent foundation in accordance with local or state regulations; or
 - b) not in compliance with state, local, or model building codes and cannot be brought into compliance with such codes for less than the cost of constructing a permanent structure.

3.0. HOUSING UNIT ELIGIBILITY

3.1. LOCATION AND CHARACTERISTICS

- A. Housing units to be purchased must be located within the Fort Bragg City limits.
- B. Housing unit types eligible for the Homeownership Assistance Program are new or previously owned: single-family detached houses; halfplex, duplex, triplex or quadplex houses; condominiums; or manufactured homes. Units may be located in mobile home parks or in a commoninterest development or on a single-family lot and placed on a permanent foundation system.
- C. All housing units must be in compliance with State and local codes and

ordinances.

D. Housing units located within a 100-year flood zone will be required to provide proof of flood insurance in order to close escrow.

3.2. CONDITION

A. Construction Inspection and Determining Need for Repairs.

Once the participating homebuyer has executed a purchase agreement for a housing unit that will not require participation in the City's housing rehabilitation program, and prior to a commitment of Program funds, the following steps must be taken for the housing unit to be eligible for purchase under the Program:

- 1) The Program Operator's construction inspector will walk through the housing unit, determine if it is structurally sound, and identify any code-related and health and safety deficiencies that need to be corrected. A list of code related repair items will be given to the homebuyers and their Realtor to be negotiated with the seller.
- 2) If the housing unit was constructed prior to 1978, the leadbased paint requirements of Section 3.2.E will apply.
- A clear pest inspection report will be required for each housing unit. Smoke detectors will be installed if there are none in place. The Program Operator will encourage each homebuyer to secure a homeowner's warranty policy as part of the purchase of a resale housing unit.
- 4) Upon completion of all work required by the construction inspector, a final inspection will be conducted prior to close of escrow. The inspector will sign off on all required construction work, assuring that each housing unit receiving Program assistance is in compliance with local codes and health and safety requirements at the time of purchase and prior to occupancy.
- B. f the assisted homebuyer is acquiring and rehabilitating a home with Program funds:
 - The housing unit must be free from any defects that pose a danger to the health and safety of occupants before occupancy. The construction inspector must inspect the housing unit again at project completion. The housing unit must meet written rehabilitation standards and local codes and ordinances at project completion.

- 2) Rehabilitation implemented with Program funds must adhere to the City's Housing Rehabilitation Program Guidelines.
- C. Housing unit size shall be sufficient to meet the needs of the homebuyer household, without overcrowding. Generally, this means not more than two persons per bedroom or living room.
- E. Lead Based Paint Hazards: All housing units built prior to 1978 for which CDBG funding is anticipated are subject to the requirements of this section 3.2.E. Such homes must undergo a visual assessment by a person who has taken HUD's online Visual Assessment course. Deteriorated paint must be stabilized using work safe methods. Clearance must be obtained after paint stabilization by a DHS certified LBP Risk Assessor/Inspector. If lead mitigation and clearance costs are incurred, these costs may be incorporated, on a case-by-case basis, into the calculation of Program assistance.

The following requirements must be met:

1) **Notification**:

- a) Prior to homebuyer's obligation to purchase a pre-1978 home, the Buyer will be given a copy of and asked to read the EPA pamphlet "Protect Your family From Lead in Your Home". (EPA 747-K-94-001, **September 2001**) A signed receipt of the pamphlet will be kept in the Sponsor's homebuyer file;
- b) A notice to residents is required following a risk assessment/inspection using form DHS 8552, which is provided by the DHS-certified Risk Assessor/Inspector;
- c) a notice to residents is required following lead-based paint mitigation work using Visual Assessment and Lead-based Paint Notice of Presumption and Hazard Reduction form, LBP 1 (Attachment H).
- 2) **Disclosure:** Prior to the homebuyer's obligation to purchase a pre-1978 housing unit, the HUD disclosure (Attachment D), "Seller's Lead-based Paint Disclosure" notice must be provided by the seller to the homebuyer.
- Assessment" of all the dwelling unit's painted surfaces in order to identify deteriorated paint. All deteriorated paint will be stabilized in accordance with CFR 35.1330 (a) and (b); and a Clearance shall be made in accordance with CFR 35.1340.
- 4) **Mitigation:** If stabilization is required, the contractor performing the mitigation work must use appropriately

trained workers. Prior to the contractor starting mitigation work the Program Operator shall obtain copies of the contractor's and workers' appropriate proof of LBP training, as applicable to the job in order to assure that only qualified contractors and workers are allowed to perform the mitigation.

Purchase Contract Contingency Language: Before a homebuyer is obligated under any contract to purchase a pre-1978 housing unit, the seller shall permit the homebuyer a 10-day period (unless the parties mutually agree, in writing, upon a different period of time) to conduct a risk assessment or inspection for the presence of lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards. (See Attachment E for sample lead-based paint contract contingency language).

A homebuyer may waive the opportunity to conduct the risk assessment or inspection by so indicating in writing, such as in Attachment D, item (e)(ii). In this case the purchase contract contingency language is not required.

F. The Program Operator will: 1) confirm that the housing unit is within the eligible area, and 2) will review each proposed housing unit to ensure that it meets all eligibility criteria before funding.

3.3 ANTI-DISPLACEMENT POLICY AND RELOCATION ASSISTANCE

Eligible homes will be those that are currently owner occupied; newly constructed; a rental unit purchased by the buyer-occupant; or have been vacant for four months prior to the acceptance of a contract to purchase. Therefore, this Program will not result in the displacement of any persons, households, or families. Unanticipated displacement and relocation would be subject to the following Federal laws:

A. Uniform Relocation Assistance (URA) and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970

The Federal URA and Real Property Acquisition Policies, as amended by the URA Amendments of 1987, contain requirements for carrying out real property acquisition or the displacement of a person, regardless of income status, for a project or program for which HUD financial assistance, including CDBG, is provided. Requirements governing real property acquisition are described in Chapter VIII. The implementing regulations, 49 CFR Part 24, require developers and owners to take certain steps in regard to

tenants of housing to be acquired, rehabbed or demolished, including tenants who will not be relocated even temporarily.

B. Section104(d) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974

Section 104 (d) requires each State Recipient, as a condition of receiving assistance under CDBG, to certify that it is following a residential anti-displacement plan and relocation assistance plan. Section 104(d) also requires relocation benefits to be provided to low-income persons who are physically displaced or economically displaced as the result of a CDBG assisted project, and requires the replacement of low-income housing which is demolished or converted. The implementing regulations for Section 104(d) can be found in 24 CFR Part 570(a).

3.4. PROPER NOTIFICATION AND DISCLOSURES

- A. Upon selection of a housing unit, a qualified seller and homebuyer must be given the necessary disclosures for the Program. The homebuyer must have read and signed all Program disclosure forms. Any and all property disclosures must be reviewed and signed by the homebuyer and seller (see Attachments for sample disclosures.)
- B. All owners who wish to sell their housing units must receive an acquisition notice (Attachment F) prior to submission of the homebuyer's original offer. This notice will be included in the contract and must be signed by all owners on title. The disclosure must contain the items listed in 1.3.B. (Required for Federally funded Programs.

4.0. PURCHASE PRICE LIMITS

The Program does not establish a purchase price limit. The true limiting factor for purchase price limits will be buyer's income status and unit affordability within program parameters.

5.0. THE PRIMARY LOAN

Prior to obtaining a loan from the Program, a homebuyer must provide evidence of financing for the maximum amount the Primary Lender is willing to loan (the "primary loan").

5.1. QUALIFYING RATIOS

Primary loans underwritten by FHA, USDA Rural Development, Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, or CalHFA will be acceptable to establish

creditworthiness, repayment ability, and dependability of income. If none of the above primary loans are used, the following ratios are allowable, as calculated based on the ratio of the borrower's fixed monthly expenses to the household's gross monthly income:

The front-end ratio shall be a maximum of 35%, calculated as the percentage of a borrower's gross monthly income (before deductions) that would cover the cost of PITI (loan principal and interest payment + property taxes + property insurance). Deviations from this standard may be considered on a case-by-case basis.

The overall debt or "back-end" ratio shall not exceed 50%, calculated as percentage of a borrower's gross monthly income that would cover the cost of PITI plus any other monthly debt payments like car or personal loans and credit card debt. The back-end ratio requirement may be modified on a case-by-case basis.

5.2. INTEREST RATE

The rate of interest shall be fixed (not an adjustable rate mortgage of ARM) at a rate of up to 3%, to be determined based upon the funding gap of the buyer and subsidy as recommended by the Program Operator. The rate will be no higher than the current market rate.

5.3. LOAN TERM

The primary loan shall be fully amortized and have a term "all due and payable" in no fewer than 30 years. There shall not be a balloon payment due before the maturity date of the Program loan. Loan term for funding used to purchase manufactured homes not on permanent foundations may be less than 30 years if recommended.

5.4. IMPOUND ACCOUNT

All households will be required to have impound accounts for the payment of taxes and insurance to ensure they remain current.

6.0. THE PROGRAM LOAN

6.1. MAXIMUM AMOUNT OF PROGRAM ASSISTANCE

The amount of Program assistance to a homebuyer toward purchase of a home shall be revised to reflect current market conditions, but cannot exceed forty-nine percent (49%) of the total financing of the property. Total indebtedness against property will not exceed 100% for the entire term of the loan(s).

6.2. NON-RECURRING CLOSING COSTS

Non-recurring costs such as credit report, escrow, closing and recording fees, and title report and title insurance, title updates and/or related costs may be included in the Program loan.

6.3 AFFORDABILITY PARAMETERS FOR BUYERS

The actual amount of a buyer's Program subsidy shall be computed according to the housing ratio parameters specified in Section 5.1. Each borrower shall receive only the subsidy needed to allow them to become homeowners ("the Gap") while keeping their housing costs affordable. The primary lender will use the "front-end ratio" of housing-expense-to-income to determining the amount of the primary loan and, ultimately, the program subsidy amount required, bridging the gap between the purchase price (less down payment) and the amount of the primary loan.

6.4. RATE AND TERMS FOR PROGRAM LOANS

All Program assistance to individual households shall be made in the form of deferred payment (interest and principal) loan. The Program loan's term shall be for at least as long as the primary loan unless a longer period is deemed necessary to protect the integrity of the loan.

6.5. LOAN-TO-VALUE RATIO

The loan-to-value ratio, when combined with all other indebtedness to be secured by the property, shall not exceed 100 percent of the sales price.

7.0. PROGRAM LOAN REPAYMENT

7.1. PAYMENTS ARE VOLUNTARY

Borrowers may begin making voluntary payments at any time, upon notification to and approval of the Sponsor. There will be no prepayment penalty.

7.2. RECEIVING LOAN PAYMENTS

A. Unless otherwise directed, program loan payments will be made to:

City of Fort Bragg 416 North Franklin Street Fort Bragg, CA 95437

B. The City will be the receiver of loan payments or recapture funds and will maintain a financial record-keeping system to record payments and file statements on payment status. Payments shall be deposited and accounted for in the City's Program Income Account, as required by the CDBG program. The Program lender will accept loan payments from borrowers prepaying deferred loans and from borrowers making payments in full upon sale or transfer of the property. All loan payments are payable to the City. The City may at its discretion enter into an agreement with a third party to collect and distribute payments and/or complete all loan servicing aspects of the Program.

7.3. DUE UPON SALE OR TRANSFER

- A. Loans are due upon sale or transfer of title (unless assumable as in B below); or when borrower no longer occupies the home as his/her principal residence; or upon the loan maturity date. The loan will be in default if the borrower fails to maintain required fire or flood insurance or fails to pay property taxes. See Attachment C for further information on property restrictions.
- B. A transfer of title will not result in the loan being due and payable in the following circumstances:
 - 1. A transfer where the souse becomes an owner of the property;
 - A transfer resulting from a decree of dissolution of marriage, legal separation agreements, or from an incidental property settlement agreement by which the spouse becomes an owner of the property; or
 - 3. A transfer into an *inter vivos* trust in which the homebuyer is and will remain the beneficiary and occupant of the property.

7.4. LOAN SERVICING POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

A. See Attachment C for local loan servicing policies and procedures. While the attached policy outlines a system that can accommodate a crisis that restricts borrower repayment ability, it should in no way be misunderstood: The loan must be repaid. All legal means to ensure the repayment of a delinquent loan as outlined in the Loan Servicing Policies and Procedures will be pursued.

7.5. LOAN MONITORING PROCEDURES

The City and/or its Program Operator will monitor Borrowers and their housing units to ensure adherence to Program requirements including, but not limited to, the following:

A. Owner-occupancy

- B. Property tax payment
- C. Hazard insurance coverage
- D. Good standing on Primary loans
- E. General upkeep of housing units

8.0. PROGRAM LOAN PROCESSING AND APPROVAL

A. Loan Processing

All homebuyers or their representatives will be sent out an eligibility packet with all the necessary forms, disclosures, information, and application. They should submit a complete application packet with all the City's Program loan documents executed as well as all the information from the Primary Lender. The Primary Lender should submit: 1) accepted property sales contract with proper seller notification; 2) mortgage application with good faith estimates and first mortgage disclosures; 3) full mortgage credit report and rent verification; 4) current third party income verifications and verifications of assets; 5) homeownership education certificate, if Program Operator will work with local lenders to applicable. ensure qualified participants receive only the benefit from the City's Program needed to purchase the housing unit and that leveraged funds will be used when possible, for example in many cases the Primary Lender will not require mortgage insurance with the City's second in place, which will save on the homebuyer's monthly payment.

B. Credit worthiness

Qualifying ratios are only a rough guideline in determining a potential borrower's credit-worthiness. Many factors such as excellent or poor credit history, amount of down payment, and size of loan will influence the decision to approve or disapprove a particular loan. The borrower's credit history will be reviewed by the Program Operator and documentation of such maintained in the loan file. The Program Operator may elect to obtain a credit report or rely on a current copy obtained by the primary lender.

C. Documents from Primary Lender

After initial review of the qualified homebuyer's application packet, the Program Operator will request any additional documents needed. Documents may be faxed, but originals shall be received through the mail before Program funds are committed to escrow. Based on receipt and review of the final documents, the Program Operator will do an income certification (using most recent HCD program's guidance on income calculation and determination), and homebuyer certification (review of credit report and income taxes).

Documentation of affordability will then be verified and subsidy requirement determined.

D. Disclosure of Program and Loan Information to Homebuyers

The Program's application and disclosure forms will contain a summary of the loan qualifications of the borrower with and without Program assistance. Housing ratios with and without Program assistance are also outlined in these guidelines. Information on the Program's application will be documented with third party verifications in the file. For example, the sales contact will provide the final purchase price and outline how much of the closing costs are to be paid by the seller, etc. The appraisal, termite and title report will provide information to substantiate the information in the sales contract and guide the construction inspection. The Program loan application will provide current debt and housing information and will be documented by the credit report and income/asset verifications. The Primary Lender's approval letter and estimated closing cost statement should reflect all the information in the loan package and show any contingencies of loan funding. Reviewing the Primary Lender's loan underwriting documentation will provide basic information about the qualification of the applicant and substantiate the affordability provided by the Program loan. By reviewing and crosschecking all the Primary Lender information, the final Program loan amount approved will fall within the affordability parameters of the Program.

8.1. COMPLETION OF UNDERWRITING AND APPROVAL OF PROGRAM LOAN

Once the loan approval package has been completed, the Program Operator will submit it to the City Homeownership Assistance Loan Committee (Loan Committee). The Loan Committee will review the request and will recommend approval, with or without conditions, or denial, and will forward its recommendations to the City Manager. The City Manager will have final authority for approval or denial. Upon final approval, a final closing date for escrow is set and Program funds are accessed for the homebuyer.

A. Composition of the Loan Committee

The Loan Committee will consist of the City Finance Director or designee; the City Community Development Director or designee; and up to three members of the community, to be appointed by the City.

8.2. PRIMARY AND PROGRAM LOAN DOCUMENT SIGNING

The homebuyer(s) sign both promissory notes, deeds of trust, and statutory lending notices (right of rescission, truth in lending, etcetera); the deeds of trust are recorded with the County Clerk/Recorder at the same time, and the request(s) for copy of notice of default are also recorded with the County Clerk/Recorder.

8.3. ESCROW PROCEDURES

The escrow/title company shall review the escrow instruction provided by the Program lender and shall issue a California Land Title Association (CLTA) and the American Land Title Association (ALTA) after closing. The CLTA policy is issued to the homebuyer and protects them against failure of title based on public records and against such unrecorded risks as forgery of a deed. The ALTA is issued to each lender providing additional coverage for the physical aspects of the property as well as the homebuyer's title failure. These aspects include anything which can be determined only by physical inspection, such as correct survey lines; encroachments; mechanics liens; mining claims and water rights. The Program lender instructs the escrow/title company in the escrow instructions as to what may show on the policy; the amount of insurance on the policy (all liens should be covered) and the loss payee (each lender should be listed as a loss payee and receive an original ALTA).

9.0. SUBORDINATE FINANCING

With today's high costs, in order for a low-income household to obtain a home, several funding sources might be required. Subordinate loans may be used to cover mortgage subsidy costs that exceed the Program maximum loan amount. All subordinate liens must have the payments deferred and the term must be for at least as long as the term of the Program loan.

10.0. EXCEPTIONS AND SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES

10.1. DEFINITION OF EXCEPTION

Any case to which a standard policy or procedure, as stated in the guidelines, does not apply or an applicant treated differently from others of the same class would be an exception.

10.2. PROCEDURES FOR EXCEPTIONAL CIRCUMSTANCES

A. The City or its agent may initiate consideration of an exception and prepare a report. This report shall contain a narrative, including the City's recommended course of action and any written or verbal information supplied by the applicant.

B. The City shall make a determination of the exception based on the recommendation of the Program Operator. The request can be presented to the City's Loan Committee and/or governing body for a decision.

11.0. DISPUTE RESOLUTION AND APPEALS PROCEDURE

Any applicant denied assistance from the Program has the right to appeal. The appeal must be made in writing. The City has 30 days to review the appeal, seek recommendations from the loan committee, or if none, the sponsor's governing body, and respond in writing to the applicant.

ATTACHMENT A

24 CFR Part 5 ANNUAL INCOME INCLUSIONS AND EXCLUSIONS

Part 5 Inclusions

This table presents the Part 5 income inclusions as stated in the Code of Federal regulations.

General Category	Statement from 24 CFR 5.609 paragraph (b) (April 1, 2004)
1. Income from wages, salaries, tips, etc.	The full amount, before any payroll deductions, of wages and salaries, overtime pay, commissions, fees, tips and bonuses, and other compensation for personal services.
2. Business Income	The net income from the operation of a business or profession. Expenditures for business expansion or amortization of capital indebtedness shall not be used as deductions in determining net income. An allowance for depreciation of assets used in a business or profession may be deducted, based on straight-line depreciation, as provided in Internal Revenue Service regulations. Any withdrawal of cash or assets from the operation of a business or profession will be included in income, except to the extent the withdrawal is reimbursement of cash or assets invested in the operation by the family.
3. Interest & Dividend Income	Interest, dividends, and other net income of any kind from real or personal property. Expenditures for amortization of capital indebtedness shall not be used as deductions in determining net income. An allowance for depreciation is permitted only as authorized in number 2 (above). Any withdrawal of cash or assets from an investment will be included in income, except to the extent the withdrawal is reimbursement of cash or assets invested by the family. Where the family has net family assets in excess of \$5,000, annual income shall include the greater of the actual income derived from all net family assets or a percentage of the value of such assets based on the current passbook savings rate, as determined by HUD.
4. Retirement & Insurance Income	The full amount of periodic amounts received from Social Security, annuities, insurance policies, retirement funds, pensions, disability or death benefits, and other similar types of periodic receipts, including a lump-sum amount or prospective monthly amounts for the delayed start of a periodic amount (except as provided in number 14 of Income Exclusions).
5. Unemployment & Disability Income	Payments in lieu of earnings, such as unemployment and disability compensation, worker's compensation, and severance pay (except as provided in number 3 of Income Exclusions).
6. Welfare Assistance	 Welfare Assistance. Welfare assistance payments made under the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) program are included in annual income: Qualify as assistance under the TANF program definition at 45 CFR 260.31; and Are otherwise excluded from the calculation of annual income per 24 CFR 5.609(c). If the welfare assistance payment includes an amount specifically designated for shelter and utilities that is subject to adjustment by the welfare assistance agency in accordance with the actual cost of shelter and utilities, the amount of welfare assistance income to be included as income shall consist of: the amount of the allowance or grant exclusive of the amount specifically designated for shelter or utilities; <i>plus</i> the maximum amount that the welfare assistance agency could in fact allow the family for shelter and utilities. If the family's welfare assistance is reduced from the standard of need by applying a percentage, the amount calculated under 24 CFR 5.609 shall be the amount resulting from one application of the percentage.
7. Alimony, Child Support, & Gift Income	Periodic and determinable allowances, such as alimony and child support payments, and regular contributions or gifts received from organizations or from persons not residing in the dwelling.
8. Armed Forces Income	All regular pay, special day and allowances of a member of the Armed Forces (except as provided in number 7 of Income Exclusions).

Part 5 exclusions

This table presents the Part 5 income exclusions as stated in the Code of Federal Regulations.

General Category	Statement from 24 CFR 5.609 paragraph (c) (April 1, 2004)		
1. Income of Children	Income from employment of children (including foster children) under the age of 18 years.		
2. Foster Care Payments	Payments received for the care of foster children or foster adults (usually persons with disabilities, unrelated to the tenant family, who are unable to live alone).		
3. Inheritance and Insurance Income	Lump-sum additions to family assets, such as inheritances, insurance payments (including payments under health and accident insurance and worker's compensation), capital gains and settlement for personal or property losses (except as provided in number 5 of Income Inclusions).		
4. Medical Expense Reimbursements	Amounts received by the family that are specifically for, or in reimbursement of, the cost of medical expenses for any family member.		
5. Income of Live- in Aides	Income of a live-in aide (as defined in 24 CFR 5.403).		
6. Disabled Persons	Certain increases in income of a disabled member of qualified families residing in HOME-assisted housing or receiving HOME tenant-basedrental assistance (24 CFR 5.671(a)).		
7. Student Financial Aid	The full amount of student financial assistance paid directly to the student or to the educational institution.		
8. Armed Forces Hostile Fire Pay	The special pay to a family member serving in the Armed Forces who is exposed to hostile fire.		
9. Self-Sufficiency Program Income	 a. Amounts received under training programs funded by HUD. b. Amounts received by a person with a disability that are disregarded for a limited time for purposes of Supplemental Security Income eligibility and benefits because they are set side for use under a Plan to Attain Self-Sufficiency (PASS). c. Amounts received by a participant in other publicly assisted programs that are specifically for, or in reimbursement of, out-of-pocket expenses incurred (special equipment, clothing, transportation, childcare, etc.) and which are made solely to allow participation in a specific program. d. Amounts received under a resident service stipend. A resident service stipend is a modest amount (not to exceed \$200 per month) received by a resident for performing a service for the PHA or owner, on a part-time basis, that enhances the quality of life in the development. Such services may include, but are not limited to, fire patrol, hall monitoring, lawn maintenance, resident initiatives coordination, and serving as a member of the PHA's governing board. No resident may receive more than one such stipend during the same period of time. e. Incremental earnings and benefits resulting to any family member from participation in qualifying state or local employment training programs (including training not affiliated with a local government) and training of a family member as resident management staff. Amounts excluded by this provision must be received under employment training programs with clearly defined goals and objectives, and are excluded only for the period during which the family member participates in the employment training program. 		
10. Gifts	Temporary, nonrecurring, or sporadic income (including gifts).		
11. Reparations	Reparation payments paid by a foreign government pursuant to claims filed under the laws of that government by persons who were persecuted during the Nazi era.		
12. Income from Full-time Students	Earnings in excess of \$480 for each full-time student 18 years old or older (excluding the head of household or spouse).		
13. Adoption Assistance Payments	Adoption assistance payments in excess of \$480 per adopted child.		
14. Social Security	Deferred periodic amounts from SSI and Social Security benefits that are received in a		

T.	
& SSI Income	lump sum amount or in prospective monthly amounts.
15. Property Tax Refunds	Amounts received by the family in the form of refunds or rebates under state or local law for property taxes paid on the dwelling unit.
16. Home Care Assistance	Amounts paid by a state agency to a family with a member who has a developmental disability and is living at home to offset the cost of services and equipment needed to keep this developmentally disabled family member at home.
17. Other Federal Exclusions	Amounts specifically excluded by any other federal statute from consideration as income for purposes of determining eligibility or benefits under a category of assistance programs that includes assistance under any program to which the exclusions of 24 CFR 5.609(c) apply, including:
	▶ The value of the allotment made under the Food Stamp Act of 1977;
	 Payments received under the Domestic Volunteer Service Act of 1973 (employment through VISTA, Retired Senior Volunteer Program, Foster Grandparents Program, youthful offender incarceration alternatives, senior companions);
	▶ Payments received under the Alaskan Native Claims Settlement Act;
	Income derived from the disposition of funds to the Grand River Band of Ottawa Indians;
	Income derived from certain sub-marginal land of the United States that is held in trust for certain Indian tribes;
	Payments or allowances made under the Department of Health and Human Services' Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program;
	Payments received under the Maine Indian Claims Settlement Act of 1980 (25 U.S.C. 1721);
	▶ The first \$2,000 of per capita shares received from judgment funds awarded by the Indian Claims Commission or the U.S. Claims Court and the interests of individual Indians in trust or restricted lands, including the first \$2,000 per year of income received by individual Indians from funds derived from interests held in such trust or restricted lands;
	Amounts of scholarships funded under Title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965, including awards under the Federal work study program or under the Bureau of Indian Affairs student assistance programs;
	 Payments received from programs funded under Title V of the Older Americans Act of 1985 (Green Thumb, Senior Aides, Older-American Community Service Employment Program);
	Payments received on or after January 1, 1989, from the Agent Orange Settlement Fund or any other fund established pursuant to the settlement in the In Re Agent Orange product liability litigation, M.D.L. No. 381 (E.D.N.Y.);
	Earned income tax credit refund payments received on or after January 1, 1991, including advanced earned income credit payments;
	The value of any child care provided or arranged (or any amount received as payment for such care or reimbursement for costs incurred for such care) under the Child Care and Development Block Grant Act of 1990;
	Payments received under programs funded in whole or in part under the Job Training Partnership Act (employment and training programs for Native Americans and migrant and seasonal farm workers, Job Corps, veterans employment programs, state job training programs and career intern programs, AmeriCorps);
	Payments by the Indian Claims Commission to the Confederated Tribes and Bands of Yakima Indian Nation or the Apache Tribe of Mescalero Reservation;
	 Allowances, earnings, and payments to AmeriCorps participants under the National and Community Service Act of 1990;
	Any allowance paid under the provisions of 38 U.S.C. 1805 to a child suffering from spina bifida who is the child of a Vietnam veteran;
	Any amount of crime victim compensation (under the Victims of Crime Act) received through crime victim assistance (or payment or reimbursement of the cost of such assistance) as determined under the Victims of Crime Act because of the commission of a crime against the applicant under the Victims of Crime Act; and
	Allowances, earnings, and payments to individuals participating in programs under the Workforce Investment Act of 1998.

ATTACHMENT B

24 CFR Part 5 ASSETS INCLUSIONS AND EXCLUSIONS

This presents the Part 5 asset inclusions and exclusions as stated in the Code of Federal Regulations.

Statements from 24 CFR Part 5 - April 1, 1998

Inclusions

- 1. Cash held in savings accounts, checking accounts, safe deposit boxes, homes, etc. For savings accounts, use the current balance. For checking accounts, use the average 6-month balance.
- 2. Cash value of revocable trusts available to the applicant.
- 3. Equity in rental property or other capital investments. Equity is the estimated current market value of the asset less the unpaid balance on all loans secured by the asset and all reasonable costs (e.g., broker fees) that would be incurred in selling the asset. Under HOME, equity in the family's primary residence is not considered in the calculation of assets for owner-occupied rehabilitation projects.
- Cash value of stocks, bonds, Treasury bills, certificates of deposit and money market accounts.
- 5. Individual retirement and Keogh accounts (even though withdrawal would result in a penalty).
- 6. Retirement and pension funds.
- 7. Cash value of life insurance policies available to the individual before death (e.g., surrender value of a whole life or universal life policy).
- 8. Personal property held as an investment such as gems, jewelry, coin collections, antique cars, etc.
- Lump sum or one-time receipts, such as inheritances, capital gains, lottery winnings, victim's restitution, insurance settlements and other amounts not intended as periodic payments.
- 10. Mortgages or deeds of trust held by an applicant.

Exclusions

- 1. Necessary personal property, except as noted in number 8 of Inclusions, such as clothing, furniture, cars and vehicles specially equipped for persons with disabilities.
- 2. Interest in Indian trust lands.
- Assets not effectively owned by the applicant. That is, when assets are held in an individual's
 name, but the assets and any income they earn accrue to the benefit of someone else who is not
 a member of the household and that other person is responsible for income taxes incurred on
 income generated by the asset.
- Equity in cooperatives in which the family lives.
- 5. Assets not accessible to and that provide no income for the applicant.
- 6. Term life insurance policies (i.e., where there is no cash value).
- Assets that are part of an active business. "Business" does not include rental of properties that are held as an investment and not a main occupation.

Attachment C City of Fort Bragg CDBG Homeownership Assistance Program

LOAN SERVICING POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

The City of Fort Bragg, here after called "Lender" has adopted these policies and procedures in order to preserve its financial interest in properties whose "Borrowers" have been assisted with public funds. The Lender will, to the greatest extent possible follow these policies and procedures, but each loan will be evaluated and handled on a case-by-case basis. The Lender has formulated this document to comply with state and federal regulations regarding the use of these public funds and any property restrictions that are associated with them.

The policies and procedures are broken down into the follow areas: 1) making required monthly payments or voluntary payments on a loan's principal and interest; 2) required payment of property taxes and insurance; 3) required Request for Notice of Default on all second mortgages; 4) loans with annual occupancy restrictions and certifications; 5) required noticing and limitations on any changes in title or use of property; 6) required noticing and process for requesting a subordination during a refinance; 7) processing of foreclosure in case of default on the loan.

1. Loan Repayments:

The Lender will collect monthly payments from those borrowers who are obligated to do so under Notes, which are amortized promissory notes, or Lender will use a designated loan collection company to collect payments. Late fees will be charged for payments received after the assigned monthly date.

For Notes that are deferred payment loans, the Lender may accept voluntary payments on the loan. Loan payments will be credited to interest first and then to principal. The borrower may repay the loan balance at any time with no penalty.

2. Payment of Property Taxes and Insurance:

As part of keeping the loan from going into default, borrower must maintain property insurance coverage naming the Lender as loss payee in first position or as additional insured if the loan is a junior lien. If borrower fails to maintain the necessary insurance, the Lender may take out forced place insurance to cover the property while the Borrower puts a new insurance policy in place. All costs for installing the necessary insurance will be added to the loan balance at time of installation of Borrower's new insurance.

When a property is located in a 100 year flood plain, the Borrower will be required to carry the necessary flood insurance. A certificate of insurance for flood and for standard property insurance will be required at close of escrow.

The Lender may verify the insurance on an annual basis.

Property taxes must be kept current during the term of the loan. If the Borrower fails to maintain payment of property taxes, then the Lender may pay the taxes and add the balance of the tax payment plus any penalties to the balance of the loan. As specified in the Program Guidelines, the Lender requires Borrower to have impound accounts set up for property taxes and insurance. Whenever possible, Lender encourages Borrower to set up the impound account with their first mortgagee wherein they pay their taxes and insurance as part of their monthly mortgage payment.

3. Required Request for Notice of Default:

When the Borrower's loan is in second position behind an existing first mortgage, it is the Lender's policy to prepare and record a "Request for Notice of Default" for each senior lien in front of Lender's loan. This document requires any senior lien holder listed in the notice to notify the lender of initiation of a foreclosure action. The Lender will then have time to contact the Borrower and assist them in bringing the first loan current. The Lender can also monitor the foreclosure process and go through the necessary analysis to determine if the loan can be made whole or preserved. When the Lender is in a third position and receives notification of foreclosure from only one senior lien holder, it is in their best interest to contact any other senior lien holders regarding the status of their loans.

4. Annual Occupancy Restrictions and Certifications:

On owner-occupant loans, the Lender may require that Borrowers submit utility bills and/or other documentation annually to prove occupancy during the term of the loan. Other loans may have income and housing cost evaluations, which require a household to document that they are not able to make repayments, typically every five years. If applicable, these loan terms are incorporated in the original note and deed of trust.

5. Required Noticing and Restrictions on Any Changes of Title or Occupancy:

In all cases where there is a change in title or occupancy or use, the Borrower must notify the Lender in writing of any change. Lender and Borrower will work together to ensure the property is kept in compliance with the original Program terms and conditions such that it remains available as an affordable home for low income families. These types of changes are typical when Borrowers do estate planning (adding a relative to title) or if a Borrower dies and property is transferred to heirs or when the property is sold or transferred as part of a business transaction. In some cases the Borrower may move and turn the property into a rental unit without notifying the Lender. Changes in title or occupancy must be in keeping with the objective of benefit to low-income households (below 80 percent of AMI).

Change from owner-occupant to owner-occupant occurs at a sale. When a new owner-occupant is not low-income, the loan is not assumable and the loan balance is immediately due and payable. If the new owner-occupant qualifies as low-income, the purchaser may either pay the loan in full or assume all loan repayment obligations of the original owner-occupant, subject to the approval of the Lender's Loan Committee.

If a transfer of the property occurs through inheritance, the heir (as owner-occupant) may be provided the opportunity to assume the loan at an interest rate based on household size and household income, provided the heir is in the HCD "Targeted Income Group" (TIG). If the heir intends to occupy the property and is not low-income, the balance of the loan is due and payable. If the heir intends to act as an owner-investor, the balance of the loan may be converted to an owner/investor interest rate and loan term and a rent limitation agreement is signed and recorded on title. All such changes are subject to the review and approval of the Lender's Loan Committee.

Change from owner-occupant to owner-investor occurs when an owner-occupant decides to move out and rent the assisted property, or if the property is sold to an investor. If the owner converts any assisted unit from owner occupied to rental, the loan is due in full.

Conversion to use other than residential use is not allowable where the full use of the property is changed from residential to commercial or other. In some cases, Borrowers may request that the Lender allow for a partial conversion where some of the residence is used for a business but the household still resides in the property. Partial conversions may be allowed if it is reviewed and approved by any and all agencies required by local statute. If the use of the property is converted to a fully non-residential use, the loan balance is due and payable.

6. Requests for Subordinations:

When a Borrower wishes to refinance the property, Borrower must make a subordination request to the Lender. The Lender will only consider subordination of the loan when there is no "cash out" as part of the refinance. Cash out means there are no additional charges on the transaction above loan and escrow closing fees. There can be no third-party debt pay-offs or additional encumbrance on the property above traditional refinance transaction costs. Furthermore, the refinance should lower the housing cost of the household with a lower interest rate, and the total indebtedness on the property should not exceed the current market value.

Upon receiving the proper documentation from the refinance lender, the request will be considered by the Loan Committee for review and approval. Upon approval, the escrow company will provide the proper subordination document for execution and recordation by the Lender.

7. Process for Loan Foreclosure:

Upon any condition of loan default, including: 1) non payment; 2) lack of insurance or property tax payment; 3) violation of rent limitation agreement; 4) change in title or use without approval; and 5) default on senior loans, the Lender will send out a letter to the Borrower notifying them of the default situation. If the default situation continues, then the Lender may start a formal process of foreclosure.

When a senior lien holder starts a foreclosure process and the Lender is notified via a Request for Notice of Default, the Lender, who is the junior lien holder, may cancel the foreclosure proceedings by "reinstating" the senior lien holder. The reinstatement amount or payoff amount must be obtained by contacting the senior lien holder. This amount will include all delinquent payments, late charges and fees to date. Lender must confer with Borrower to determine if, upon paying the senior lien holder current, the Borrower can provide future payments. If this is the case then the Lender may cure the foreclosure and add the costs to the balance of the loan with a Notice of Additional Advance on the existing note.

If the Lender determines, based on information on the reinstatement amount and status of borrower, that bringing the loan current will not preserve the loan, then staff must determine if it is cost effective to protect their position by paying off the senior lien holder in total and restructure the debt such that the unit is made affordable to the Borrower. If the Lender does not have sufficient funds to pay the senior lien holder in full, then they may choose to cure the senior lien holder and foreclose on the property them selves. As long as there is sufficient value in the property, the Lender can afford to pay for the foreclosure process and pay off the senior lien holder and retain some or all of their investment.

If the Lender decides to reinstate, the senior lien holder will accept the amount to reinstate the loan up until five (5) days prior to the set "foreclosure sale date." This "foreclosure sale date" usually occurs about four (4) to six (6) months from the date of recording of the "Notice of Default." If the Lender fails to reinstate the senior lien holder before five (5) days prior to the foreclosure sale date, the senior lien holder would then require a full pay off of the balance, plus costs, to cancel foreclosure. If the Lender determines the reinstatement and maintenance of the property not to be cost effective and allows the senior lien holder to complete foreclosure, the Lender's lien may be eliminated due to insufficient sales proceeds.

8. Lender as Senior Lien holder

When the Lender is first position as a senior lien holder, active collection efforts will begin on any loan that is 31 or more days in arrears. Attempts will be made to assist the homeowner in bringing and keeping the loan current. These

attempts will be conveyed in an increasingly urgent manner until loan payments have reached 90 days in arrears, at which time the Lender may consider foreclosure. Lender will consider the following factors before initiating foreclosure:

- 1) Can the loan be cured and can the rates and terms be adjusted to allow for affordable payments such that foreclosure is not necessary?
- 2) Can the Borrower refinance with a private lender and pay off the Lender?
- 3) Can the Borrower sell the property and pay off the Lender?
- 4) Does the balance warrant foreclosure? (If the balance is under \$5,000, the expense to foreclose may not be worth pursuing.)
- 5) Will the sales price of home "as is" cover the principal balance owing, necessary advances, (maintain fire insurance, maintain or bring current delinquent property taxes, monthly yard maintenance, periodic inspections of property to prevent vandalism, etc.) foreclosure, and marketing costs?

If the balance is substantial and all of the above factors have been considered, the Lender may opt to initiate foreclosure. The Borrower must receive, by certified mail, a thirty-day notification of foreclosure initiation. This notification must include the exact amount of funds to be remitted to the Lender to prevent foreclosure (such as, funds to bring a delinquent BMIR current or pay off a DPL).

At the end of thirty days, the Lender will contact a reputable foreclosure service or local title company to prepare and record foreclosure documents and make all necessary notifications to the owner and junior lien holders.

When the process is completed, and the property has "reverted to the beneficiary" at the foreclosure sale, the Lender may sell the home under a homebuyer program or use it for an affordable rental property managed by a local housing authority or use it for transitional housing facility or other eligible use. The Lender may also contract with a local real estate broker to list and sell the home and use the proceeds for program income eligible uses.

ATTACHMENT D

SELLER'S LEAD-BASED PAINT DISCLOSURE

Disclosure of Information on Lead-Based Paint and/or Lead-Based Paint Hazards Lead Warning Statement

Every purchaser of any interest in residential real property on which a residential dwelling was built prior to 1978 is notified that such property may present exposure to lead from lead-based paint that may place young children at risk of developing lead poisoning. Lead poisoning in young children may produce permanent neurological damage, including learning disabilities, reduced intelligence quotient, behavioral problems, and impaired memory. Lead poisoning also poses a particular risk to pregnant women. The seller of any interest in residential real property is required to provide the buyer with any information on lead-based paint hazards from risk assessments or inspections in the seller's possession and notify the buyer of any known lead-based paint hazards. A risk assessment or inspection for possible lead-based paint hazards is recommended prior to purchase.

		or lead-based paint hazards (aint and/or lead-based paint	check (i) or (ii) below): hazards are present in the hou	ısing
(ii) Selle housing.	r has no knowle	dge of lead-based paint and	d/or lead-based paint hazards in	1 the
(i) Selle	er has provided tl	e seller (check (i) or (ii) below he purchaser with all availab aint hazards in the housing (li	ole records and reports pertaining	ng to
(ii)Selle hazards in the housin		or records pertaining to lead-	based paint and/or lead-based	paint
(d) Purchaser ha (e) Purchaser ha (i) rec assessment hazards; or; (ii) wait Lead-based p Agent's Acknowledg (f) Agent has info	s received copies s received the pa s (check (i) or (ii) ceived a 10-day or inspection fo ved the opportuni paint and/or lead-l	of all information listed above mphlet Protect your Family frobelow): opportunity (or mutually agree the presence of lead-base) ty to conduct a risk assessment based paint hazards.		paint
	have reviewed th	he information above and ce d is true and accurate.	ertify, to the best of their knowle	edge,
Seller	Date	Seller	Date	
Purchaser	 Date	Purchaser	Date	
Agent	 Date	Agent	Date	

ATTACHMENT E

Homebuyer Assistance Program Sample Lead-Based Paint Contract Contingency Language

This contract is contingent upon a risk assessment or inspection of the property for the presence of lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards at the Purchaser's expense until 9 p.m. on the tenth calendar-day after ratification. This ending date is: [Insert date 10 days after contract ratification or a date mutually agreed upon]. (Intact lead-based paint that is in good condition is not necessarily a hazard. See the EPA pamphlet "Protect Your Family From Lead in Your Home" for more information.)
This contingency will terminate at the above predetermined deadline unless the Purchaser (or Purchaser's agent) delivers to the Seller (or Seller's agent) a written contract addendum listing the specific existing deficiencies and corrections needed, together with a copy of the inspection and/or risk assessment report.
The Seller may, at the Seller's option, within days after Delivery of the addendum, elect in writing whether to correct the condition(s) prior to settlement. If the Seller will correct the condition, the Seller shall furnish the Purchaser with certification from a risk assessor or inspector demonstrating that the condition has been remedied before the date of the settlement. If the Seller does not elect to make the repairs, or if the Seller makes a counteroffer, the Purchaser shall have days to respond to the counter-offer or remove this contingency and take the property in "as is" condition or this contract shall become void. The Purchaser may remove this contingency at any time without cause.
Seller: Date:
Purchaser: Date:
Property Address:

ATTACHMENT F

Sample Disclosures to Seller with Voluntary, Arm's Length, Purchase Offer

DECLARATION

		rm you that (<u>name of buyers) </u>	
located at	(ac	dress), if a satisfactory agay \$ for a clear title to the proper	reement can be reached. We are
			ty under conditions described in the
attached p	orop	osed contract of sale.	
Because following i		leral funds may be used in the purchase, we a	are required to disclose to you the
	1.	The sale is voluntary. If you do not wish to sell, thru the agency, (name of agency/Sponsor)	the buyer,
		thru the agency, (name of agency/Sponsor)	will not acquire you
		property. The buyer does not have the power	
		property by condemnation (i.e. eminent d	t use the power of eminent domain
		to acquire the property.	use the power of entinent domain
		to acquire the property.	
	2.	The estimated fair market value of the property	is \$ and was estimated
		by	. to be finally determined by a
		byprofessional appraiser prior to close of escrow.	
relocation Real Propindicated in	pay perty in th	rchase would be a voluntary, arms length, trans yments or other relocation assistance under the Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 (URA), or an ne contract of sale, this offer is made on the cond property before the sale is completed.	Uniform Relocation Assistance and yother law or regulation. Also, as
. ,		,	
action to a	acq cont	e understand that if you do not wish to sell you uire it. If you are willing to sell the property un ract of sale, please sign the contract and return i	der the conditions described in the to us at:
matter, ple	eas	e contactatat	
,			
Sincerely,			
•			
			
Title			
Pullor			Date
Buyer			Date
Buyer		 	Date
24,01			2410
Form conf	tinu	es on next page with Seller's Acknowledgment	

Sample Disclosures to Seller with Voluntary, Arm's Length Purchase Offer (Page 2)

Acknowledgement As the Seller I/we understand that the (affiliation and title of inspector) inspect the property for health and safety deficiencies. I/we also understand that public funds may be involved in this transaction and, as such, if the property was built before 1978, a leadbased paint disclosure must be signed by both the buyer and seller, and that a Visual Assessment will be conducted to determine the presence of deteriorated paint. As the Seller, I/we understand that under the (City's or County's) program, the property must be currently owner-occupied, vacant for four months at the time of submission of purchase offer, new (never occupied), or renter purchasing the unit. I/we hereby certify that the property is: ☐ Vacant at least 4 months; ☐ Owner-occupied; ☐ New; or ☐ Being Purchased by Occupant I/we hereby certify that I have read and understand this "Declaration" and a copy of said Notice was given to me prior to the offer to purchase. If received after presentation of the purchase offer, I/We choose \square to withdraw or \square not to withdraw, from the Purchase Agreement. Seller Date

Date

Seller

Attachment G

City of Fort Bragg Homeownership Assistance Program

IMPLEMENTATION STEPS INSTRUCTIONS TO HOMEBUYER

- A. Participant works with lender of choice to obtain the primary lender's pre-qualification letter.
- B. Participant works with real estate agent to select home. Program disclosures are reviewed with agent for presentation to seller. Preference will be given to vacant or owner occupied homes rather then tenant occupied.
- C. Participant selects home and enters into a purchase contract (contingent upon receiving Program loan approval). Lender provides the Program Operator with a copy of:
 - real estate sales contract
 - residential loan application
 - credit report
 - verified income documentation
 - disclosure statement
 - proof of personal funds for participation in program
 - breakdown of closing costs
 - structural pest control clearance
 - appraisal with photos
 - escrow instructions
 - preliminary title report
- D. Program Operator reviews paper work to determine program eligibility and financing affordability for participant etc.
- E. Program Operator staff meets with qualified applicant to provide information relative to the program requirements, the lending process, and home ownership responsibilities.
- F. Program Operator has home inspected (if necessary) to meet HQS or code compliance (dependent upon the program). Notice of any deficiencies or needed corrections are given to participant's real estate agent, with recommended course of action.
- G. Program Operator requests loan approval from City's Loan Committee, who makes a recommendation to the City Manager, who has final authority for approval or denial. Following loan approval, Program Operator prepares Deed of Trust, Promissory Note, Notice of Default, Grant Agreement, Owner- Occupant Agreement with City, requests checks and deposits same into escrow.
- H. Escrow company furnishes Program Operator with proof of documents to be recorded, and any escrow close out information. After receipt of recorded loan documents, HUD I, Insurance Loss Payee Certification and Final Title Insurance Policy (Program Operator) closes out the loan file.

Attachment H

LEAD-BASED PAINT VISUAL ASSESSMENT, NOTICE OF PRESUMPTION AND HAZARD REDUCTION FORM

	d Information				
Property Addı	ress:		No LBP found or LBP exempt □		
Select one: Visual	Assessment	Presumption	Hazard Reduction □		
Section 2: Visual Asse	Section 2: Visual Assessment. Fill out Sections 1, 2, and 6. If paint stabilization is performed, also fill out				
Sections 4 and 5 after th		•			
Visual Assessment Da	ate:	Report Date:			
Check if no deteriorate	ed paint found \square				
		paint was found. For	multi-family housing, list at least the housing		
unit numbers and common areas and building components (including type of room or space, and the material					
underneath the paint).					
Section 3: Notice of P	resumption. Fill out	Sections 1, 3, 5, and	6. Provide to occupant w/in 15 days of		
presumption.			·		
Date of Presumption No	tice:				
Lead-based paint is pres	sumed to be present I	□ and/or Lead-based	paint <i>hazards</i> are presumed to be present		
			g, list at least the housing unit numbers and		
			ing components (including type of room or		
space, and the materials	s underneath the pain	it) of lead-based pain	t and/or hazards presumed to be present.		
					
			vity. Fill out Sections 1, 4, 5, and 6. Provide		
to occupant w/in 15 days		eted.			
Date of Hazard Reduction					
Initial Hazard Reduction	on Notice? Yes	Start & Completio	n Dates:		
No 🗖					
If "No", dates of previous	s Hazard Reduction A	Activity Notices:			
			ng, list at least the housing unit numbers and		
common areas (for multifamily housing), bare soil locations, dust-lead locations, and/or building components					
(including type of room or space, and the material underneath the paint), and the types of lead-based paint					
			painty, and the types of lead-based paint		
hazard reduction activities					
hazard reduction activitient Attachment D: Location	of building compone		aint remaining in the rooms, spaces or areas		
hazard reduction activitient Attachment D: Location where activities were co	of building compone nducted.	nts with <u>lead-based p</u>	aint remaining in the rooms, spaces or areas		
hazard reduction activitient Attachment D: Location where activities were co	of building compone nducted.	nts with <u>lead-based p</u>			
hazard reduction activitient Attachment D: Location where activities were conditional Attachment E: Attach conditional Attachment E: Attachment	n of building componer inducted. learance report(s), us	nts with <u>lead-based p</u> ing DHS form 8552 (a	aint remaining in the rooms, spaces or areas and 8551 for abatement activities)		
hazard reduction activitic Attachment D: Location where activities were co Attachment E: Attach co Section 5: Resident R	n of building componer inducted. learance report(s), us	nts with <u>lead-based p</u> ing DHS form 8552 (a Presumption or Lea	aint remaining in the rooms, spaces or areas and 8551 for abatement activities) d-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Activity		
hazard reduction activitient Attachment D: Location where activities were conditional Attachment E: Attach conditional Attachment E: Attachment	n of building componer inducted. learance report(s), us	nts with <u>lead-based p</u> ing DHS form 8552 (a	aint remaining in the rooms, spaces or areas and 8551 for abatement activities)		
hazard reduction activitic Attachment D: Location where activities were co Attachment E: Attach co Section 5: Resident R	n of building componer inducted. learance report(s), us	nts with <u>lead-based p</u> ing DHS form 8552 (a Presumption or Lea	aint remaining in the rooms, spaces or areas and 8551 for abatement activities) d-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Activity		
hazard reduction activitic Attachment D: Location where activities were co Attachment E: Attach co Section 5: Resident R	n of building componer inducted. learance report(s), us	nts with <u>lead-based p</u> ing DHS form 8552 (a Presumption or Lea Signature:	aint remaining in the rooms, spaces or areas and 8551 for abatement activities) d-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Activity		
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hazard reduction activities Attachment D: Location where activities were co Attachment E: Attach co Section 5: Resident R Printed Name:	n of building componer inducted. learance report(s), us eceipt of Notice for	nts with <u>lead-based p</u> ing DHS form 8552 (a Presumption or Lea Signature:	aint remaining in the rooms, spaces or areas and 8551 for abatement activities) d-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Activity Date:		