

BEFORE THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF FORT BRAGG

**AN ORDINANCE AMENDING
CHAPTER 14.06 (WATER
CONSERVATION) OF TITLE 14 OF
THE FORT BRAGG MUNICIPAL
CODE RELATING TO WATER
SHORTAGE EMERGENCIES AND
DECLARING THE URGENCY
THEREOF**

**URGENCY ORDINANCE
NO. 922-2015**

WHEREAS, the extreme drought throughout the State of California, including in the City of Fort Bragg, persists; and

WHEREAS, on August 24, 2015, the City updated Chapter 14.06, the Water Conservation Ordinance, of the Fort Bragg Municipal Code, to incorporate additional water conservation measures and describe specific circumstances under which the City will declare a Stage 1, Stage 2, or Stage 3 water emergency, as well as water conservation measures required for each stage; and

WHEREAS, on August 10, 2015, pursuant to Resolution 3837-2015, at a regularly scheduled and noticed meeting, the City Council declared a Stage 1 water emergency; and

WHEREAS, on September 30, 2015, pursuant to Resolution 3856-2015, at an emergency meeting, the City Council declared a Stage 3 water emergency; and

WHEREAS, given the continuing drought and the worsening water crisis, the City Council wishes to amend Chapter 14.06 to incorporate additional conservation measures, and eliminate certain measures that have been determined to not result in a significant conservation of water.

NOW, THEREFORE, the City Council ordains as follows:

SECTION 1: Authority. This Ordinance is adopted pursuant to the provisions set forth in Government Code Section 36937(b) and pursuant to other applicable law.

SECTION 2: Legislative Findings. The City Council hereby finds as follows:

1. Pursuant to the police powers delegated to it by Article XI, Section 7 of the California Constitution, the City of Fort Bragg ("City") may make and

enforce laws that promote the public health, safety and general welfare of its residents.

2. On January 17, 2014, the Governor declared a State of Emergency due to current drought conditions under the California Emergency Services Act. The declaration, among other things, calls for: (i) a statewide water conservation campaign; (ii) local water suppliers to implement water shortage contingency plans; (iii) state agencies to implement water use reduction plans, modifications of diversions and releases, and daily drought updates; and (iv) a voluntary twenty percent (20%) reduction in water use across the state.
3. On April 1, 2015, Governor Brown issued his most recent proclamation on actions necessary to address California's severe drought conditions, which directed the State Water Resources Control Board to implement mandatory water reductions in urban areas to reduce potable urban water usage by 25 percent statewide.
4. On April 25, 2014, the Governor issued a proclamation of a continued state of emergency under the California Emergency Services Act based on continued drought conditions and directed the State Water Resources Control Board to adopt emergency regulations to ensure that urban water suppliers implement drought response plans to limit outdoor irrigation and other wasteful water practices.
5. As directed by the Governor's April 25, 2014 proclamation, the State Board adopted emergency regulations pursuant to Water Code section 1058.5 (the "Emergency Regulations"). The Emergency Regulations took effect on July 28, 2014, and provide specific mandates and guidance in response to the ongoing drought.
6. On May 5, 2015, the State Water Resources Control Board adopted an emergency conservation regulation in accordance with the Governor's directive. The provisions of the emergency regulation went into effect on May 18, 2015.
7. On September 30, 2015, the City Council declared a Stage 3 water emergency in Fort Bragg after the Noyo River, which provides approximately 40% of the City's water supply, became too impacted by saltwater to use.
8. Extremely dry conditions and the continuing lack of precipitation has severely reduced the flows of the Noyo River, which supplies approximately 40% of the City's water. Since the City updated its water conservation ordinance in August 2015, salt-water intrusion has made river water unusable for days at a time. An unprecedented drying up of the river will likely occur in the next few

weeks if significant rainfall does not reach the river's watershed. The City's other spring fed water sources are also at record lows. The City relies exclusively on stream flows for its water supply; there is no storage to provide short-term supplementary water when a source becomes unavailable.

9. Without immediate, additional water conservation measures, adequate domestic water usage will fall below the production of the City's sources. Likewise, flows and pressures to maintain an adequate fire-fighting capacity will be also put at risk.
10. The City Council has determined that conservation measures in addition to those including in the update of the Water Conservation Ordinance in August 2015, are necessary to address the worsening conditions.
11. The City considered the adoption of this urgency ordinance in accordance with Government Code section 36937 at a duly noticed public meeting on October 13, 2015, at which time it received and considered testimony from members of the public.
12. Government Code section 36937(b) authorizes the adoption of an urgency ordinance to protect the public health, safety and welfare.
13. Chapter 14.06 is in need of revision to incorporate additional conservation measures and clarifications to protect the public against potential negative health, safety, and welfare impacts and to address potential deficiencies in its Code associated with water shortage emergencies. It is imperative that these revisions take effect immediately because of the State of Emergency that exists statewide due to the current drought conditions and to preserve and protect the City's rapidly dwindling water resources.
14. The adoption and amendment of this Ordinance is exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), pursuant to section 15307 of the CEQA Guidelines (Title 14, Chapter 3 of the California Code of Regulations), as this Ordinance is an action take to protect natural resources.

SECTION 3. Urgency Declared. In accordance with the authority granted the City under Government Code section 36937(b), and pursuant to the findings stated herein, the City Council hereby finds that: (1) there exists a current and immediate threat to the public health, safety, and welfare requiring this change in the City's Ordinance governing water shortage emergencies; (2) this Ordinance is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, and safety as set forth herein; and (3) this Ordinance must and shall take effect immediately.

SECTION 4: Amendment to the Fort Bragg Municipal Code. Chapter 14.06 of Title 14 of the Fort Bragg Municipal Code is hereby amended as shown on Exhibit A, attached hereto and incorporated herein by this reference.

SECTION 5: Severability. If any section, subsection, sentence, clause or phrase of this Ordinance is for any reason held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid or unconstitutional, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of the Ordinance. The City Council of the City of Fort Bragg hereby declares that it would have passed this Ordinance and each section, subsection, sentence, clause and phrase thereof irrespective of the fact that one or more sections, subsections, sentences, clauses or phrases may be held invalid or unconstitutional.

SECTION 6: Effective Date and Publication. This Ordinance is an urgency ordinance enacted under California Government Code sections 36934 and 36937(b). This urgency ordinance is effective upon adoption by a four-fifths (4/5) vote of the City Council. The City Clerk is directed to cause this ordinance to be published in the manner required by law.

The foregoing Urgency Ordinance was introduced and adopted at a regular meeting of the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg held on October 13, 2015, by the following vote:

AYES: Councilmembers Peters, Deitz, Hammerstrom, Cimolino and Mayor Turner.
NOES: None.
ABSENT: None.
ABSTAIN: None.

**Dave Turner,
Mayor**

ATTEST:

**June Lemos
City Clerk**

PUBLISH: October 22, 2015 (by summary)
EFFECTIVE DATE: October 13, 2015

EXHIBIT A
(See attached)

Chapter 14.06 of Title 14 of the Fort Bragg Municipal Code is hereby amended to read in its entirety as set forth in the attached Exhibit A (additions are underlined and deletions are shown in ~~strike-through~~ text).

BEFORE THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF FORT BRAGG

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING CHAPTER
14.06 (WATER CONSERVATION) OF
TITLE 14 OF THE FORT BRAGG
MUNICIPAL CODE

ORDINANCE NO. 919-2015

WHEREAS, the City of Fort Bragg, like all of the State of California, is in the fourth year of drought; and

WHEREAS, the State of California through the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) has mandated certain water conservation measures; and

WHEREAS, the City Council wishes to update rules and regulations regarding water conservation measures within the City limits.

NOW, THEREFORE, the City Council ordains as follows:

Section 1. Legislative Findings. The City Council hereby finds as follows:

1. A reliable and sufficient supply of potable water is essential to the public health, safety, and welfare of the people and economy of the City of Fort Bragg ("City").
2. Article X, Section 2 of the California Constitution declares that the general welfare requires that the water resources of the State be put to beneficial use to the fullest extent of which they are capable, and that the waste or unreasonable use or unreasonable method of use of water be prevented, and that the conservation of such waters is to be exercised with a view to the reasonable and beneficial use thereof in the interest of the people and for the public welfare.
3. The City owns, and through its water division operates, a water system that supplies water at retail to customers within the City's service area, which covers approximately 3,100 acres. The City currently provides water service to over 7,300 residents and maintains over 2,800 customer accounts.
4. The City's primary sources of water for its customers are Newman Gulch (spring fed), Waterfall Gulch (spring fed), and the Noyo River (direct pump).
5. Article XI, Section 7 of the California Constitution provides that the City may make and enforce within its limits all local, police, sanitary and other ordinances and regulations not in conflict with general laws of the State.
6. California Water Code section 375 provides that a public entity that supplies water at retail for the benefit of persons within the service area of the public entity may, by ordinance or resolution adopted by a majority of the members of the governing body after holding a

public hearing upon notice and making appropriate findings of necessity for the adoption of a water conservation program, adopt and enforce a water conservation program to reduce the quantity of water used by those persons for the purpose of conserving the water supplies of the public entity.

7. On January 17, 2014, the Governor declared a State of Emergency due to current drought conditions under the California Emergency Services Act. The declaration, among other things, calls for: (i) a statewide water conservation campaign; (ii) local water suppliers to implement water shortage contingency plans; (iii) state agencies to implement water use reduction plans, modifications of diversions and releases, and daily drought updates; and (iv) a voluntary twenty percent (20%) reduction in water use across the state.
8. On April 1, 2015, Governor Brown issued his most recent proclamation on actions necessary to address California's severe drought conditions, which directed the State Board to implement mandatory water reductions in urban areas to reduce potable urban water usage by 25 percent statewide.
9. On April 25, 2014, the Governor issued a proclamation of a continued state of emergency under the California Emergency Services Act based on continued drought conditions and directed the State Water Resources Control Board ("SWRCB") to adopt emergency regulations to ensure that urban water suppliers implement drought response plans to limit outdoor irrigation and other wasteful water practices.
10. As directed by the Governor's April 25, 2014 proclamation, the State Board adopted emergency regulations pursuant to Water Code section 1058.5 (the "Emergency Regulations"). The Emergency Regulations took effect on July 28, 2014, and provide specific mandates and guidance in response to the ongoing drought.
- 4.11. On May 5, 2015, the SWRCB adopted Resolution 2015-0032, an "Emergency Regulation for Statewide Urban Water Conservation," which provides specific mandates and guidance in response to the ongoing drought.
12. On September 30, 2015, the City Council declared a Stage 3 water emergency in Fort Bragg after the Noyo River, which provides approximately 40% of the City's water supply, became too impacted by saltwater to use.
13. Extremely dry conditions and the continuing lack of precipitation has severely reduced the flows of the Noyo River, which supplies approximately 40% of the City's water. Since the City updated its water conservation ordinance in August 2015, salt-water intrusion has made river water unusable for days at a time. An unprecedented drying up of the river may occur in the next few weeks if significant rainfall does not reach the river's watershed. The City's other spring fed water sources are also at record lows. The City relies exclusively on stream flows for its water supply; there is no storage to provide short-term supplementary water when a source becomes unavailable.
- 2.14. Chapter 14.06, the Water Conservation Ordinance of the Fort Bragg Municipal Code, codifies the City's water conservation measures.

~~3-15.~~ The intent of Chapter 14.06 is to allocate City supplied water equitably during the time when a water shortage exists to ensure that sufficient water will be available for human consumption, sanitation, and fire protection.

16. The adoption of this ordinance is exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), pursuant to Section 15307 of the CEQA Guidelines (Title 14, Chapter 3 of the California Code of Regulations) as this ordinance is an action taken to protect natural resources.

17. This ordinance is being adopted under Water Code sections 375 and 376 to ensure that the City has water conservation regulations in place that are consistent with and will help fulfill the water conservation obligations imposed by the State under the revised Emergency Regulations and that address the City's existing and threatened water supply condition.

18. It is necessary for the proper functioning of the City and therefore necessary for the protection and preservation of the public peace, health, safety, and general welfare that this ordinance take effect immediately upon its adoption as provided in Water Code section 376.

Section 2. Section 14.06.020 entitled, Declaration of Water Emergency, is hereby amended to read as follows:

“§ 14.06.020 DECLARATION OF WATER EMERGENCY.

A water emergency shall be declared whenever the following occurs:

- A. The City is unable to maintain a 10% buffer between its ability to replenish water in its storage tanks and the total daily demand for water; or
- B. A level of 80% or less of the total storage capacity providing pressure to the City water distribution system is reached and the City is unable to replenish water in its storage tanks in a reliable manner; or
- C. The City is unable to keep the finished water tanks at predetermined levels for more than 24 hours. Levels shall be determined upon consultation with Public Works and Fire Department staff.
- D. The City is mandated by the State of California to implement water conservation measures.”

Section 3. Section 14.06.030 entitled, Authority to Declare Water Emergency, is hereby amended to read as follows:

“§ 14.06.030 AUTHORITY TO DECLARE WATER EMERGENCY.

The City Council may declare a water emergency when the City Manager or designee advises that one or more of the conditions identified in § 14.06.020 has occurred. The City Council

may implement any conservation stage necessary depending on the drought conditions or water shortage.”

Section 4. Section 14.060.040 entitled, Fiscal Incentives for Conservation During Water Emergencies, is hereby deleted in its entirety.

Section 5. Section 14.06.050 entitled, Prohibited Water Uses During Water Emergency, is hereby amended to read as follows:

“§ 14.06.050 PROHIBITED WATER USES DURING WATER EMERGENCY.

Compliance with this section is mandatory. The following uses of potable water supplied by the City of Fort Bragg are prohibited during a water emergency except where necessary to address an immediate health and safety need or to comply with a term or condition in a permit issued by a state or federal agency.

A. *Stage 1*- 10% goal for reducing water usage.

1. End-User Requirements.

(a) To prevent the waste and unreasonable use of potable water and to promote water conservation, each of the following actions is prohibited:

(1) The ~~application of potable water to~~ use of potable water on outdoor landscapes in a manner that causes runoff such that water flows onto adjacent property, non-irrigated areas, private and public walkways, roadways, parking lots, or structures.

(2) The use of a hose that dispenses potable water to wash a motor vehicle, ~~or to irrigate landscaped areas, including trees and shrubs located on residential and commercial properties that are not irrigated by a landscape irrigation system,~~ except where the hose is fitted with a shut-off nozzle or device attached to it that causes it to cease dispensing water immediately when not in use.

(3) The ~~application use~~ of potable water to driveways, sidewalks, and similar hardscapes.

(4) The use of potable water in a fountain or other decorative water feature, except where the water is part of a recirculating system.

(5) The ~~application of potable water to~~ irrigation of outdoor landscapes during and within 48 hours after measurable rainfall.

(6) The irrigation of residential and commercial landscapes, at any time other than before 10 a.m. and after 6 p.m

(7) The serving of drinking water other than upon request in eating or drinking establishments, including but not limited to restaurants, hotels, cafes, cafeterias, bars, or other public places where food or drink are served and/or purchased.

(8) The irrigation with potable water of ornamental turf on public street medians.

(9) The irrigation with potable water of landscapes outside of newly constructed homes and buildings in a manner inconsistent with regulations or other requirements established by the California Building Standards

Commission and the Department of Housing and Community Development.

(b) Other uses of water prohibited during a water emergency.

(1) The use of any hose or similar device, irrespective of whether a nozzle, valve, or other shut-off mechanism is attached thereto, for washing or cleaning the exterior surface of any dwelling, garage, commercial or industrial building. Persons painting building exteriors shall be exempted from this provision when potable water is used to clean or prepare a surface for painting during a Stage 1 water conservation emergency.

(2) The use of potable water for filling or refilling any existing or new swimming pool. Replenishing existing pools which have lost water due to evaporation shall be permitted.

(3) The use of potable water in construction projects for backfill consolidation or compaction, or for dust control purposes; provided, however, that the City Manager may permit the use of potable water upon a determination by the City Manager that no other source of water for the purpose is available, or that no other method of compaction, consolidation, or dust control is reasonably available. The reuse of water system flush water is permitted.

(4) The use of water through, with or by any plumbing, sprinkler, watering or irrigation system, or other device, equipment, or appliance which is broken or defective, or which, for any reason, fails to use water in the ordinary and customary manner or quantity for which it was designed, constructed, or manufactured.

(c) To promote water conservation, operators of hotels and motels shall provide guests with the option of choosing not to have towels and linens laundered daily. The hotel or motel shall prominently display notice of this option in each guestroom using clear and easily understood language.

2. To prevent waste and unreasonable use of potable water and to promote water conservation, ~~outdoor irrigation of ornamental landscapes or turf lawn watering and landscape irrigation~~ with potable water shall be limited to no more than two days per week for all water users.

3. Other prohibitions include the tampering ~~with~~ any part of the water system to circumvent the prohibitions contained within this section. Such actions include tampering with hydrants or water meters.

4. Residents and business owners shall repair all water leaks as soon as feasibly possible, but no later than five (5) days after notification by the City, unless other arrangements are made with the Public Works Director.

5. All users of potable water shall reduce their potable water consumption by 10% as compared to the same month of the previous year.

B. Stage 2- 20% goal for reducing water usage.

All of the prohibited uses of potable water during a Stage 1 water emergency are prohibited during a Stage 2 water emergency. In addition, the following uses of potable water are prohibited during a Stage 2 water emergency:

1. *Irrigation.* Irrigation or watering of any residential and commercial landscaping using potable water is prohibited.
2. *Restaurants.* The use of ~~disposable~~ compostable plates, cups, and flatware is encouraged ~~during a Stage 2 water emergency.~~

23. Residents and business owners shall repair all water leaks as soon as feasibly possible, but no later than three (3) days after notification by the City, unless other arrangements are made with the Public Works Director.

34. Stop filling or re-filling ornamental lakes or ponds, except to the extent needed to sustain aquatic life, provided that such animals are of significant value and have been actively managed within the water feature prior to declaration of a drought response level under this ordinance.

35. All other water uses. All users of potable water shall reduce their potable water consumption by 20% as compared to the same month of the previous year.

C. *Stage 3- 30% goal for reducing water usage.*

All of the prohibited uses of potable water during a Stage 1 water emergency and a Stage 2 water emergency are prohibited during a Stage 3 water emergency. In addition, the following uses of potable water are prohibited during a Stage 3 water emergency:

~~1. Swimming pools. Replenishing existing pools which have lost water due to evaporation shall not be permitted during a Stage 3 water emergency.~~

~~1. Restaurants. The use of disposable plates, cups, and flatware is required during a Stage 3 water emergency.~~

~~1. Motor vehicle washing. All washing of motor vehicles shall be prohibited, except at commercial car washes that employ a high pressure/ low volume wash system.~~

~~2. Hot tubs and in-room spa tubs at hotels. Use of hot tubs and in-room spa tubs at hotels shall be prohibited.~~

3. Residents and business owners shall repair all water leaks as soon as feasibly possible, but no later than three (3) days after notification by the City, unless other arrangements are made with the Public Works Director.
4. All other water uses. All users of potable water shall reduce their potable water consumption by 30% as compared to the same month of the previous year."
5. No new potable water service shall be provided, no new temporary meters or permanent meters shall be provided, and no statements of immediate ability to serve or provide potable water service (such as will serve letters, certificates, or letters of availability) shall be issued, except under the following circumstances: (a) a valid, unexpired building permit has been issued for the project; (b) the project is necessary to protect the public's health, safety, and welfare; or (c) the applicant provides substantial evidence of an enforceable commitment that water demands for the project will be offset prior to the provision of a new water meter(s) to the satisfaction of the City. This provision shall not preclude the resetting or turn-on of meters to provide continuation of water service or to restore service that has been interrupted for a period of one year or less.

D. Stage 4

A Stage 4 water emergency occurs when all available water sources cannot provide sufficient flow for water users or maintain adequate flows or pressures for fire-fighting; and the conservation measures required by a Stage 1, Stage 2, and Stage 3 water emergency are no longer adequate to address the water shortage.

All of the prohibited uses of potable water during a Stage 1, Stage 2, and Stage 3 water emergency are prohibited during a Stage 4 water emergency.

In addition, The City shall have the authority to limit residential and commercial usage of potable water supplied by the City to a quantity determined by the City to provide for the basic safety and well-being of the community.

The City shall be permitted to install flow restrictors at any City-owned water meter, or any similar location, to regulate water usage. The City shall determine the order of installation of flow restrictors based on relevant safety considerations and the users of City supplied water. The size of the flow restrictors shall be determined by an effort to equitably spread water availability among all water user accounts.

Section 6, Section 14.06.060, entitled, Minor and Major Offenses During Water Emergency is amended to read as follows:

“§ 14.06.060 MINOR AND MAJOR OFFENSES DURING WATER EMERGENCY.

The following table indicates whether a violation of the water use prohibitions established in Section 14.06.050 is a “minor offense” or a “major offense” during a Stage 1, Stage 2, and

Prohibited water use [Applicable paragraph(s) from §14.06.050 noted]	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3
Defective Equipment [A.1(b)(4)] <u>[A.4]</u> <u>[B.3]</u> <u>[C.3]</u>	1 st violation- minor offense Repeat violations- major offenses	1 st violation- minor offense Repeat violations- major offenses	Major offense
Lawns/landscaping, overflow or watering within 48 hours of a storm [A.1(a)(1)] [A.1(a)(5)]	1 st violation- minor offense Repeat violations- major offenses	Major offense	Major offense
Surface flow- washing of sidewalks, driveways, etc. [A.1(a)(3)]	1 st violation- minor offense Repeat violations- major offenses	Major offense	Major offense
Washing vehicles, without shut-off nozzle [A.1(a)(2)] <u>[C.1]</u>	1 st violation- minor offense Repeat violations- major offenses	Major offense	Major offense
Washing building exteriors, painting preparation exempted [A.1(b)(1)]	1 st violation- minor offense Repeat violations- major offenses	Major offense	Major offense
Swimming pools [A.1(b)(2)] <u>[C.1]</u>	Major offense	Major offense	Major offense
Fountains and Other Decorative Water Features [A.1(a)(4)] <u>[B.4]</u>	1 st violation- minor offense Repeat violations- major offenses	Major offense	Major offense
Construction [A.1(b)(3)]	1 st violation- minor offense Repeat violations- major offenses	Major offense	Major offense
Irrigation and Exterior Watering <u>[A.1(a)(2)]</u> <u>[A.1(a)(6)]</u> [A.1(a)(89)] [A.2] [B.1]	1 st violation- minor offense Repeat violations- major offenses	Major offense	Major offense
Tampering with Hydrants or Water Meters [A.3]	Major offense	Major offense	Major offense
Restaurants [A.1(a)(67)] <u>[B.2]</u> <u>[C.2]</u>	1 st violation- minor offense Repeat violations- major offenses	1 st violation- minor offense Repeat violations- major offenses	Major offense
Hotels/Motels and spas [A.1(c)] <u>[C.2]</u>	1 st violation- minor offense Repeat violations- major offenses	1 st violation- minor offense Repeat violations- major offenses	Major offense

Stage 3 water emergency. Penalties for violations are established by resolution of the City Council pursuant to Section 14.06.090. The actual amounts of the penalties are specified in the City Fee Schedule, which is available at City Hall and on the City's website.

In addition to monetary penalties, the penalty for a third or subsequent offense in a Stage 3 water emergency is that the City Manager shall instruct staff to shut off water service to the offending property. Service will not be restored until the water emergency is at an end and all outstanding fines are paid. The fee for restoring service shall be \$1,000.

As an alternative to shutting off the water service to the offending property, the City may, at the discretion of the City Manager, install a flow restrictor on the water meter at or regulating the water flow to the offending property. The flow restrictor shall be sized to enforce the applicable water usage reduction specified by this Chapter.

Section 7. Severability. If any section, subsection, sentence, clause or phrase of this Ordinance is for any reason held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid or unconstitutional, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of the Ordinance. The City Council of the City of Fort Bragg hereby declares that it would have passed this Ordinance and each section, subsection, sentence, clause and phrase thereof irrespective of the fact that one or more sections, subsections, sentences, clauses or phrases may be held invalid or unconstitutional.

Section 8. Effective Date and Publication. This ordinance shall be and the same is hereby declared to be in full force and effect from and after thirty (30) days after the date of its passage. Within fifteen (15) days after the passage of this Ordinance, the City Clerk shall cause a summary of said Ordinance to be published as provided in Government Code §36933, in a newspaper of general circulation published and circulated in the City of Fort Bragg, along with the names of the City Council voting for and against its passage.

The foregoing Ordinance was introduced by Councilmember Hammerstrom at a regular meeting of the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg held on August 10, 2015, and adopted at a regular meeting of the City of Fort Bragg held on August 24, 2015, by the following vote:

AYES: Councilmembers Peters, Cimolino, Deitz, and Mayor Turner.
NOES: None.
ABSENT: Councilmember Hammerstrom.
ABSTAIN: None.

Dave Turner,
Mayor

ATTEST:

**June Lemos
Acting City Clerk**

**PUBLISH: August 13, 2015 and September 3, 2015 (by summary).
EFFECTIVE DATE: September 23, 2015.**